

Company Report

China Aoyuan (3883 HK)

Strong earnings growth and attractive valuation

■ Aoyuan recent major-city expansion bearing fruit. We expect 20%+ earnings growth in FY16/17E, driven by robust contracted sales and success in new projects in Tier-1/2 cities

■ Company and chairman have been buying back shares, and we think they have incentives to do more given distressed valuations

■ Stock at an attractive 75% discount to NAV (vs. its mid-sized peers' 55% discount) and FY17E yield at 10%. We initiate BUY with TP of HK\$2.8, based on 61% discount to its end-FY17E NAV

Strategic landbank expansion in Tier-1/2 cities

China Aoyuan is a mid-sized developer with 13.8mn sqm of landbanks in 23 cities. Historically, Aoyuan's landbanks in Tier-3/4 cities accounted for over 50% of the GAV (vs about 30% now). It has strategically increased new investments in large cities (Shenzhen, Guangzhou, Zhuhai, Foshan and Sydney) in recent years and speeded up inventory clearance in Tier-3/4 cities. We believe these investments would start harvesting and bring 20%+ annual contracted sales and profit growth in the next two years. The upcoming pre-sale launch of Shenzhen Aoyuan Jade Bay should boost market confidence on Aoyuan's sales capabilities in large cities.

Expect 23% earnings CAGR in FY15-18E

With the efforts on increasing sales in Tier-1/2 cities and clearing Tier-3/4 inventories, Aoyuan's FY16E revenue will grow 28% YoY to RMB12.3bn (RMB11bn locked in through accumulated presales) and boost core earnings by 26% YoY to RMB1bn. In FY17-18E, we expect the contracted sales and profit growth to keep at double-digits thanks to larger development and construction scale in large cities. Aoyuan's core earnings CAGR would reach 23% in FY15-18E, above its peers' 16%.

Deep NAV discount at 75% and FY17E 0.4x P/B

We estimate Aoyuan's end-FY17E NAV at HK\$19.1bn, or HK\$7.1 per share. We initiate BUY and set our TP at HK\$2.8, based on 61% discount to NAV, 6ppts more than mid-sized developers' average at 55%. Re-rating catalysts: 1) contracted sales and earnings surprises; 2) continuous share buybacks (83mn or 3% issued shares bought back in 1H16); and 3) more industry M&As would trigger re-rating on mid-small property developers including Aoyuan.

Financials

RMB mn	2014	2015	2016E	2017E	2018E
Revenue	6,976	9,572	12,284	14,166	17,442
Revenue growth (%)	22%	37%	28%	15%	23%
Core net profit	733	823	1,035	1,270	1,514
Core profit growth (%)	15%	12%	26%	23%	19%
Core EPS (HK\$)	0.33	0.35	0.43	0.54	0.64
Net gearing (%)	61.8%	62.7%	65.4%	68.6%	68.2%
P/E (core EPS)	5.4x	5.0x	4.1x	3.3x	2.8x
P/B	0.5x	0.5x	0.5x	0.4x	0.4x
Dividend yield (%)	6.1%	7.0%	8.1%	10.6%	12.6%

Sources: Company data, CMS (HK) estimates

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Initiation

BUY

Price	HK\$1.82
12-month Target Price (Potential upside)	HK\$2.8 (+54%)

Price Performance



Source: Capital IQ

%	1m	6m	12m
3883HK	9.5	18.7	26.9
HSI Index	4.7	10.9	20.4

Property

Hang Seng Index	23,191
HSCEI	9,543

Key Data

52-week range (HK\$)	1.33-1.88
Market cap (HK\$ mn)	4,916
Avg. daily volume (mn)	3.14
BVPS (HK\$) at 2016E y.e.	3.86

Shareholdings Structure

Guo's family	51.5%
Cathay Capital	12.4%

Free float	36.1%
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Investment Summary

Stable dividend policy and continuous share buybacks

In 1H16, Aoyuan repurchased about 83mn shares or about 3% of total issued shares. In 2014 and 2015, Chairman Guo Zi Wen also increased his stake by adding about 95mn shares during 2014-2015. In our view, Aoyuan has incentives to continue share buybacks under the currently distressed valuation at 75% discount to end-FY17E NAV and FY17E 0.4x P/B.

Management is dedicated to uphold a stable dividend policy with 30% payout, in our view. Except for FY08 global financial crisis, Aoyuan had kept paying dividends every year since IPO in 2007.

Big progress in funding power

Aoyuan has been actively optimizing its loan structure through a broad range of re-financing in both offshore and onshore borrowings. We estimate that the funding cost will be improved to about 8% at FY16E y.e. vs about 9.5% at FY15 y.e. In Nov/15, Feb/16 and May/16, Aoyuan had successfully redeemed total US\$325mn senior notes at expensive coupon rates (US\$:225mn at 13.875% and US\$100mn at 9.25%).

In January 2016, Fitch upgraded Aoyuan's credit outlook to Positive with B+ credit rating which also helped Aoyuan re-financing with cheaper loans. It raised US\$250mn and AU\$197mn new offshore loans at 6.525% and about 5% coupon rate respectively during the year. Meanwhile, it also got new funding through domestic corporate bonds and a project loan from Ping An with total RMB1.08bn at about 7-8% only.

Strategic landbank expansion in Tier-1/2 cities to support 23% core earnings CAGR in FY15-18E

Aoyuan strategically increased its new landbank investments in large cities including Shenzhen, Guangzhou, Zhuhai, Foshan and Sydney in the past two years. The steady contracted sales, cashflows and profit growth showed that it had taken the right move. The recent land acquisitions in Shenzhen and Sydney should help boost Aoyuan's contracted sales and earnings growth in the next two years.

We expect its FY16E core earnings to grow at 26% YoY to RMB1bn. In FY17-18E, we expect that the contracted sales and profit will maintain double-digit growth thanks to larger development and construction scale, especially in Guangzhou, Shenzhen and Sydney. Aoyuan's core earnings CAGR would reach 23% in FY15-18E, better than its peers' 16%.

Cultural project development, icing on the cake

Aoyuan has been developing a famous cultural development project in Shaoguan with total GFA of about 679k sqm (initial land capex about RMB950mn). As early as in 2015, Aoyuan had collaborated with Shanshui Scenery Culture to develop Aoyuan Shaoguan Impression (韶关印象岭南) into the first world-class cultural tourism complex in South China. Shaoguan sits at the conjunction of Guangdong, Hunan and Jiangxi. It has various famous cultural heritages and natural landscapes, including Nanhua Temple (the birthplace of Southern Zen Buddhism) and Mount Danxia (a UNESCO World Natural Heritage site). Shaoguan attracts over 20mn visitors every year.

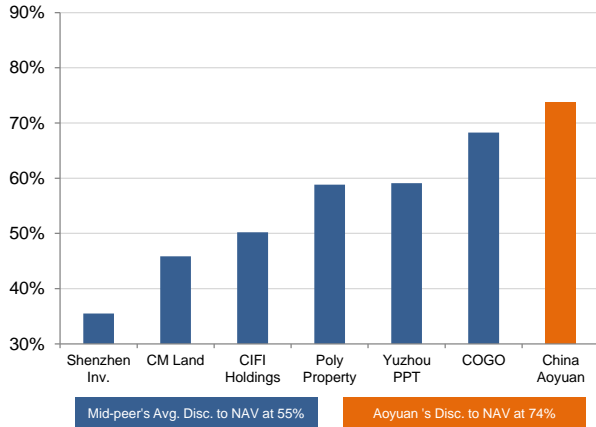
In our base case, we prudently estimate Shaoguan's GAV at about RMB1bn only, equivalent to the land cost. Any positive surprise in contracted sales and developments could significantly enhance the project value.

Three catalysts to narrow current deep NAV discount

We estimate Aoyuan's end-FY17E NAV at HK\$19.1bn, or HK\$7.1 per share. Our target price, HK\$2.8, is based on 61% discount to NAV, 6ppts deeper than mid-sized developers' average at 55%. We judge that it should have some valuation discount to its peers due to its lower trading liquidity (3-month daily average trading: HK\$5mn). That said, we see three re-rating drivers: 1) contracted sales and earnings surprises; 2) continuous share buybacks; and 3) more industry M&As to trigger re-rating on mid-small property developers including Aoyuan. Recent property takeovers are generally above 1x P/B vs Aoyuan's current valuation at 0.4x FY17E P/B.

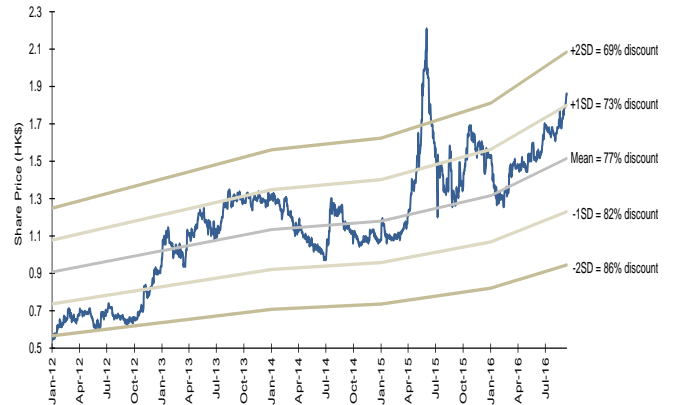
Focus charts

Figure 1: NAV discount vs its close peers



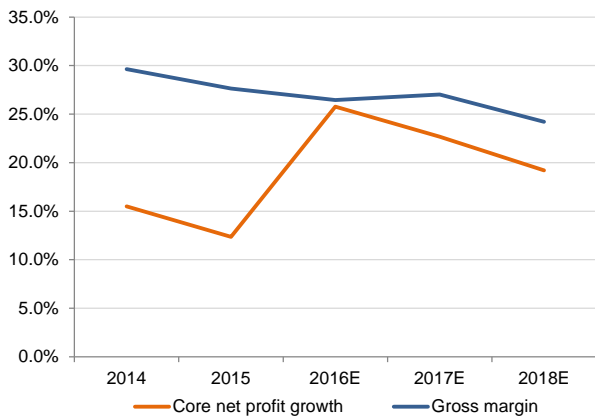
Source: CMS (HK)

Figure 2: Aoyuan's share price vs. NAV band



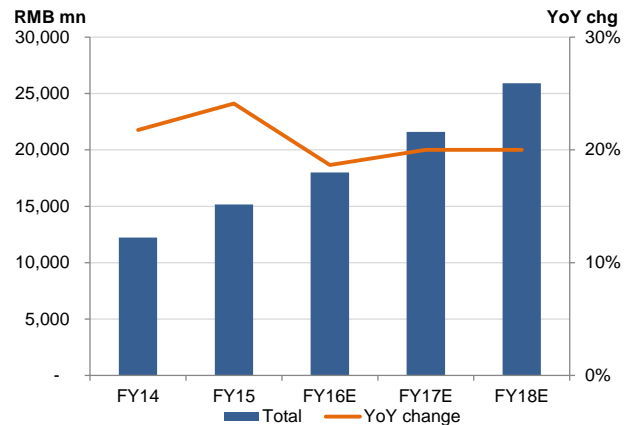
Sources: Bloomberg, CMS (HK)

Figure 3: Profit and gross margin



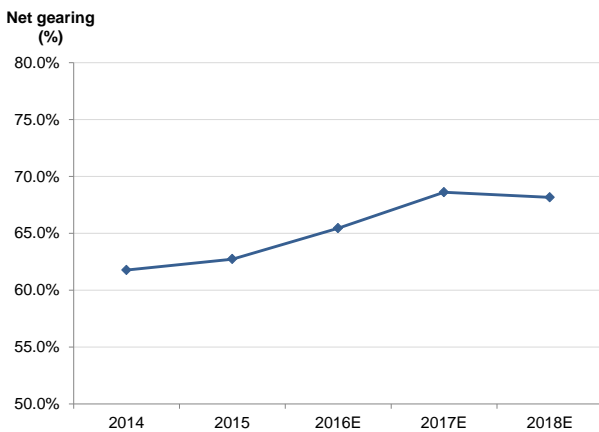
Sources: Company data, CMS (HK)

Figure 4: Aoyuan's contracted sales



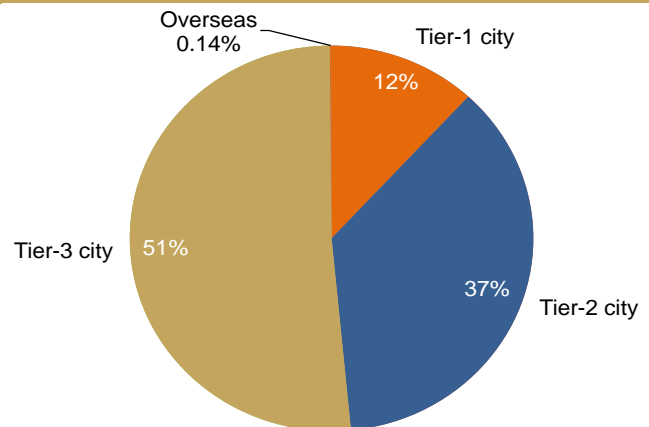
Sources: Company data, CMS (HK)

Figure 5: Net gearing



Sources: Company data, CMS (HK)

Figure 6: Landbank (GFA) at Jun-end 2016



Sources: Company data, CMS (HK)

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Company background

China Aoyuan was founded in 1996. In 2007, the company was listed on the Main Board of Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Aoyuan was initially a Guangdong focused developer specializing in residential projects and gradually expanded its exposure outside Guangdong area with more complex projects involved. Currently, Aoyuan's development strategy is to implement regional focus on the five major economic circles as its core regions in China, namely Pearl River Delta, Yangtze River Delta, Bohai Rim, core region of Central and Western China and Beibuwan. In 1H16, its contracted sales outside Guangdong has accounted for c.50% of its total contracted sales. In addition, the company has successfully entered the overseas markets in Sydney, Australia with two projects, One30 Hyde Park and Maison 188 Maroubra Sydney.

Figure 7: China Aoyuan – Company Milestone

Year	Milestone
1997	• Panyu Jin Ye was founded for the development of Panyu Aoyuan project in Guangzhou
1998	• Aoyuan Limited was founded as an intermediate holding company for PRC operating subsidiaries
2006	• Cathay Capital acquired 20.5% of Aoyuan as a pre-IPO strategic investor and currently is still holding 12.4% stake
2007	• Geographical reach extended beyond Guangdong by entering into Guangxi, Shenyang and Chongqing. Listed in HK as China Aoyuan Property Group Limited (Stock Code: 3883 HK) in Oct
2011	• Entered Jiangsu to take advantage of the growth in the Yangtze River Delta Region
2015	• Announced the first overseas project, One30 Hyde Park Sydney, Australia
2015-2016	• Entered Shenzhen, Zhuhai and Chengdu, expanding landbanks in Tier-1 and 2 cities

Source: CMS (HK)

Landbanks – increasing exposure in large cities

Aoyuan has a landbank with total GFA of 13.8mn sqm (attributable 12mn sqm), of which completed/under construction accounted for 1.9mn/5.1mn sqm, respectively. It currently has about 50 projects under development, among which 25 projects are located at Guangdong Province, 23 projects outside Guangdong and 2 projects in Sydney, Australia. Meanwhile, it has 11 completed projects for sales and/or for held as rental properties. The projects in Tier-1/2 cities accounted for about 60% of the GAV, though they only accounted for 43% of the landbank GFA. We expect that its current landbank is sufficient to satisfy its development needs for the next 4-5 years.

Guangdong focused and geographic diversification continues. Aoyuan's core market is in Guangdong Province, accounting for 44% of its total GFA, among which over 1/3 projects (including completed rental properties) are in Guangzhou City. We believe that Aoyuan is currently increasing new landbank investments in Tier-1/2 cities such as Shenzhen and Sydney, where it can achieve better sales visibility and profitability.

In 2015, Aoyuan acquired 13 projects at a consideration of RMB4.6bn with attributable GFA of 1.9mn sqm. Tier-1/2 cities account for 75% of the consideration. In 1H16, it further added four land sites by spending RMB5.3bn (Tier-1/2: 92% of total) to add its new exposure in Shenzhen and Chengdu.

Overseas expansion in Australia. In 2015, Aoyuan acquired 2 prime located projects, One30 Hyde Park and 188 Maroubra, in Sydney, Australia, with a total GFA of 21k sqm. The contracted sales were highly successful in Australia with One30 Hyde Park presales over RMB1.57bn (2015 – Aug 2016) or RMB128,500 psm.

Figure 8: China Aoyuan land bank as of 2016 Jun-end (by cities)

City	Total (k sqm)	Attributable (k sqm)	Attr. %
Guangzhou	1,705	1,269	10.6%
Shenzhen	218	152	1.3%
Tier-1 subtotal	1,923	1,422	11.9%
Shenyang	1,687	1,687	14.1%
Chongqing	1,155	1,155	9.6%
Chengdu	644	451	3.8%
Foshan	537	455	3.8%
Nanning	284	160	1.3%
Changsha	149	149	1.2%
Zhuhai	271	252	2.1%
Suzhou	82	82	0.7%
Tier-2 subtotal	4,808	4,389	36.6%
Yulin	1,458	1,458	12.2%
Qingyuan	1,263	1,240	10.3%
Shaoguan	679	679	5.7%
Zhuzhou	873	529	4.4%
Meizhou	526	526	4.4%
Bengbu	758	417	3.5%
Ganzhou	345	345	2.9%
Yangjiang	362	290	2.4%
Yunfu	255	255	2.1%
Jiaxing	202	202	1.7%
Zhongshan	153	153	1.3%
Jiangmen	137	70	0.6%
Tier-3 subtotal	7,012	6,163	51.4%
Sydney	21	16	0.1%
Overseas	21	16	0.1%
Total	13,763	11,991	100%

Sources: Company, CMS (HK)

Key projects under construction at a glance

Project I: Guangzhou Aoyuan International Center (广州奥园国际中心)

Location: Wanbo CBD, Guangzhou (65%-owned)

Key details: Remaining GFA at 248k sqm, residential & commercial

Financials: RMB1.25bn or 5% of the GAV; prevailing ASP (serviced apartment) at RMB27,100 psm

Land cost: about RMB9,500 psm

Contracted sales: RMB1bn in 7M16

Located at the heart of Wanbo CBD, Guangzhou Aoyuan International Center (广州奥园国际中心) has a total GFA of about 250k sqm, integrating grade-A offices, boutique apartments, a hotel and a shopping street, targeting mid-to-high end buyers in surrounding regions. It should take 10-20 minutes by Metro Line #7 (under construction) to Haizhu/Tianhe prime area. Serviced apartments were launched for presales this year and Aoyuan planned to launch offices for pre-sales in 2017.

Figure 9: Guangzhou Aoyuan International Center



Source: Soufun

Figure 10: Guangzhou Aoyuan International Center



Source: Company

Project II: Shenzhen Aoyuan Jade Bay (深圳奥园翡翠东湾)

Location: Pingshan New District, Shenzhen (70%-owned)

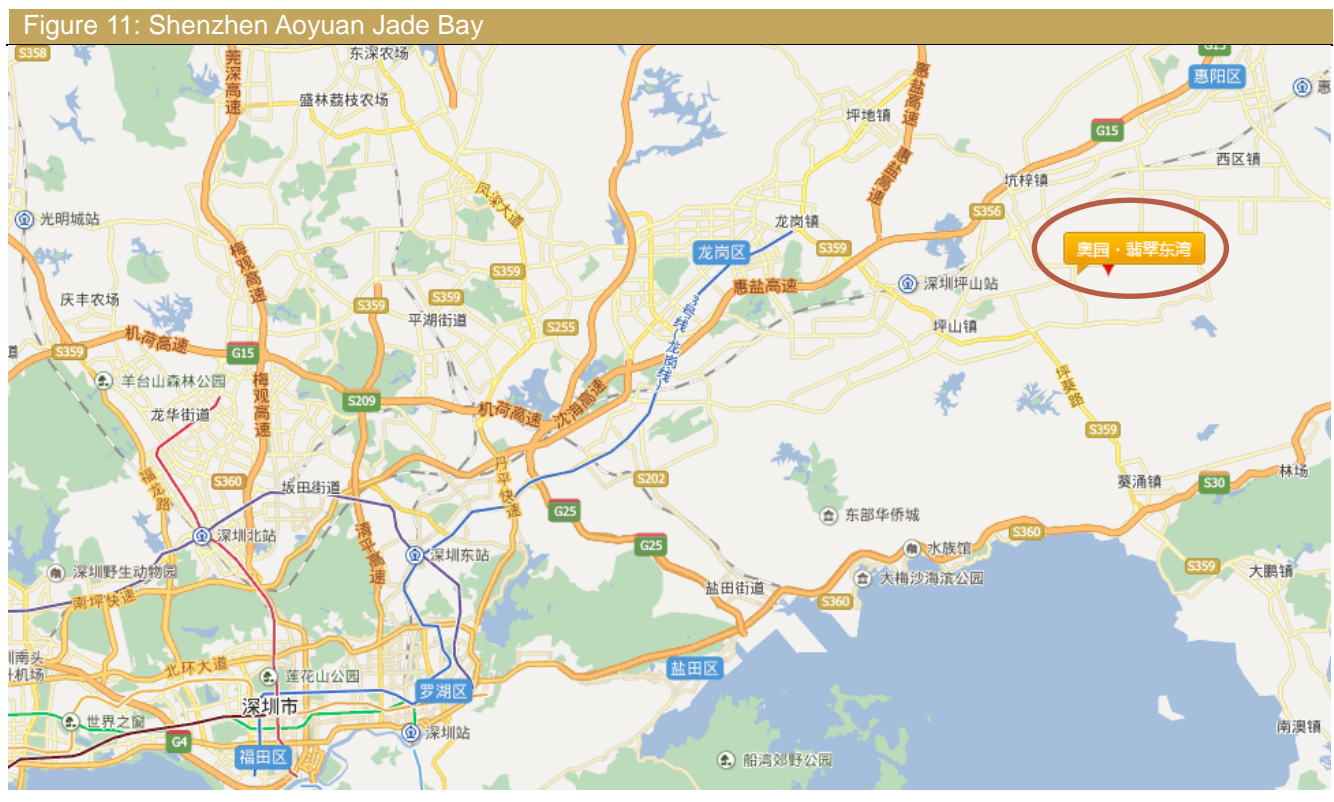
Key details: Remaining GFA at 218k sqm, residential

Financials: RMB2.4bn or 10% of the GAV; our estimated ASP at RMB27,000-29,000 psm

Land cost: about RMB15,000 psm

Contracted sales: RMB1.6bn in 2017E

Aoyuan acquired 70% equity interest of this land site through the equity acquisition in 2016 at a consideration of RMB2.29bn. Shenzhen Aoyuan Jade Bay project is located at Pingshan New District, Shenzhen, about 5-min drive to Pingshan high-speed train station. After completion of Metro Line #14 and #16, it should take less than an hour travelling to the city area. The project will comprise of 6 high-rise residential buildings (1,170 units), and its first phase will be launched for presales in 4Q16E or 1Q17E. The project will be completed in 2018E.



Source: Google map

Project III: Zhuhai Aoyuan Plaza (珠海奥园广场)**Location: Xiangzhou district, Zhuhai (93%-owned)****Key details: Remaining GFA at 271k sqm, residential and commercial mixed****Financials: RMB1.5bn or 6% of the GAV; ASP at RMB21,000 psm in 8M16****Land cost: about RMB2,700 psm****Contracted sales: RMB975mn in 2015, we estimate RMB1.8bn (RMB1.3bn in 8M16) in 2016E**

Zhuhai Aoyuan Plaza (珠海奥园广场) is located at Xiangzhou district, Zhuhai, the new administrative center. Once the HK-Macau-Zhuhai Bridge is completed, the location is about 1-hr drive to Hong Kong and Shenzhen. Awarded by the Zhuhai Municipal People's Government Office as "Pilot Residential Project," it is surrounded by three famous attractions (Meixi Scenic Area, a tourism farm and Putuo Temple). The project comprises a shopping street, a mall, grade A offices, a hotel and serviced apartments. Currently, the residential high-rise, serviced apartments and the shopping street retail shops are on presales and construction. We expect that the project will be a key revenue contributor (RMB1.3-1.6bn annual sales revenue) to Aoyuan in FY17-18E.

Figure 12: Zhuhai Aoyuan Plaza



Source: Soufun

Figure 13: Zhuhai Aoyuan Plaza



Source: Soufun

Project IV: One30 Hyde Park Sydney**Location: Sydney CBD (70%-owned)****Key details: Remaining GFA at 15k sqm, residential****Financials: RMB582mn or 3% of the GAV; ASP at about RMB128,000 psm****Land cost: about RMB40,000 psm****Contracted sales: over 80% of the project has been presold YTD, at RMB1.57bn**

Located at Sydney CBD (at the junction of Liverpool St. and Elizabeth St.), One 30 Hyde Park is Aoyuan's first overseas project in Australia. The site looks north over Hyde Park to the Opera House and Sydney Harbour, enjoying a stunning 280-degree view. The project is co-developed with Ecove, an Australian local developer. It was designed as a 38-storey building with 140 residential units (size ranges from 1 bedroom to 3 bedrooms) and 2 retail shops. As of August-end, it was over 80% presold. Local buyers accounted for the majority of 75%.

In 2016E, we expect its contracted sales at RMB571mn. We estimate the project's GPM will reach 28% or above, higher than the company's average GPM of 25% in China. It is scheduled to complete in late 2018.

Figure 14: One30 Hyde Park Sydney



Source: Company website

Figure 15: One30 Hyde Park Sydney



Source: Company website

Project V: Chongqing Aoyuan Panlong Yihao (重庆奥园盘龙壹号)**Location: Jiulongpo District, Chongqing (100%-owned)****Key details: Remaining GFA at 455k sqm, residential and commercial mixed****Financials: RMB1.4bn or 6% of the gross NAV; prevailing ASP at RMB7,400 psm****Land cost: about RMB3,250 psm****Contracted sales: RMB1bn in 8M16**

Chongqing Aoyuan Panlong Yihao is located at Panlong New Town, Jiulongpo District, Chongqing, which is a well-developed residential, business and commercial zone, adjacent to a full range of ancillary facilities including healthcare institutions, schools and parks. With GFA of c.455k sqm, the project is comprised of a boutique hotel, residential apartments, grade A offices, a shopping mall and a shopping street.

The project has a mature transportation network with quick access to Light Rail Lines #2 and #5, the ring road and 70 bus routes. It takes about 30-min drive to Jiefangbei CBD.

Figure 16: Chongqing Aoyuan Panlong Yihao



Source: focus.cn

Figure 17: Chongqing Aoyuan Panlong Yihao



Source: Company

Contracted sales outlook: 19%/20% YoY growth in FY16/17E

Aoyuan reported contracted sales of RMB15.2bn/13.2bn in FY15/8M16, +24%/55% YoY. The contracted sales growth was largely due to the increase in project launching with GFA sales volume +40%/+51% YoY in FY15/8M16. Contracted sales in Guangdong Province accounted for 44%/50% of Aoyuan's total contracted sales in FY15/1H16.

The expansion into non-Guangdong region started harvesting. We expect projects outside Guangzhou will contribute c.50% of its total contracted sales in FY16E, with Chongqing Aoyuan Panlong Yihao contributing RMB1.3bn (RMB1bn in 8M16) and Sydney One30 Hyde Park of RMB571mn (RMB497mn in 8M16).

Growth driver: more new projects launching for pre-sales

Aoyuan had saleable resources of about RMB19.2bn in 2H16E with new launches of RMB11.5bn, including projects in Guangzhou, Shenzhen, Foshan, Chengdu and overseas project in Sydney. The new launches mainly consist of mixed projects, including residential, office, commercial and loft.

Aoyuan is now more major-city focused. We expect those projects in major cities, namely, Zhuhai Aoyuan Plaza Shenzhen Aoyuan Jade Bay, and Guangzhou Aoyuan International Center will be key contracted sales contributors in 2016E and 2017E. In addition, we expect Aoyuan to continue its efforts in destocking in Tier-3/4 cities amid a loosening credit environment. Overall, we expect Aoyuan to make RMB18.0bn/RMB21.6bn in FY16E/17E, +19%/20% YoY.

The FY16E ASP assumptions are based on our checking against its previous phases and nearby projects. The FY17E contracted ASP is based on a general 3% YoY price increase assumption.

Figure 18: Our estimates on Aoyuan's contracted sales in 2016E (by projects)

Project	City	Stake	ASP (RMB psm)	Total (RMB mn)	% of Total
Zhuhai Aoyuan Plaza	Zhuhai	93%	22,529	1,802	10%
Chongqing Aoyuan Panlong Yihao	Chongqing	100%	7,384	1,625	9%
Guangzhou Aoyuan International Center	Guangzhou	65%	27,737	1,526	8%
Foshan Aoyuan Central Parkview	Foshan	100%	10,087	1,210	7%
Foshan Aoyuan The Prime Palace	Foshan	100%	20,000	1,000	6%
Guangzhou Luogang Aoyuan Plaza	Guangzhou	59%	14,258	998	6%
Nanning Aoyuan Hanlin MingMen	Nanning	55%	6,424	771	4%
Chongqing Aoyuan City Plaza	Chongqing	100%	7,500	750	4%
One 30 Hyde Park Sydney	Sydney	70%	114,271	686	4%
Zhongshan Aoyuan	Zhongshan	100%	5,114	614	3%
Subtotal				10,981	61%
Others				7,019	39%
Total				18,000	100%

Source: CMS (HK)

Figure 19: Our estimates on Aoyuan's contracted sales in 2017E (by projects)

Project	City	Stake	ASP (RMB psm)	Total (RMB mn)	% of Total
Zhuhai Aoyuan Plaza	Zhuhai	93%	26,780	2,678	12%
Guangzhou Aoyuan International Center	Guangzhou	65%	28,575	2,143	10%
Shenzhen Aoyuan Jade Bay	Shenzhen	70%	26,780	1,607	7%
Chongqing Aoyuan Panlong Yihao	Chongqing	100%	8,240	1,483	7%
Foshan Aoyuan Central Parkview	Foshan	100%	12,360	1,236	6%
Foshan Aoyuan The Prime Palace	Foshan	100%	20,600	1,236	6%
Guangzhou Luogang Aoyuan Plaza	Guangzhou	59%	15,965	958	4%
Chengdu Chenghua Aoyuan Plaza	Chengdu	70%	10,300	824	4%
Chongqing Aoyuan City Plaza	Chongqing	100%	7,725	773	4%
Zhuzhou Aoyuan Shennong Health City	Zhuzhou	60%	5,974	597	3%
Subtotal				13,535	63%
Others				8,065	37%
Total				21,600	100%

Source: CMS (HK)

Figure 20: Our estimates on Aoyuan's contracted sales in 2016E (by cities)

City	GFA (sqm)	Total (RMB mn)	% of Total
Chongqing	450	3,409	19%
Guangzhou	195	3,374	19%
Foshan	210	2,550	14%
Zhuhai	80	1,802	10%
Sydney	11	986	5%
Zhongshan	160	934	5%
Bengbu	160	907	5%
Nanning	120	771	4%
Chengdu	60	600	3%
Subtotal	1,546	15,793	88%
Others	497	2,207	12%
Total	2,043	18,000	100%

Source: CMS (HK)

Figure 21: Peers comparison: contracted sales in 7M16

Company	Ticker	7M16 (RMB mn)	YoY growth (%)	2015 (RMB mn)	2016E (RMB mn)	YoY growth (%)
Agile	3383 HK	32,030	39%	44,250	48,000	8%
Aoyuan	3883 HK	11,750	65%	15,180	18,000	19%
COLI	688 HK	90,317	17%	146,448	172,778	18%
China Vanke	000002 CH	217,100	62%	261,470	290,000	11%
CIFI Holdings	884 HK	32,610	174%	30,230	45,000	49%
CR Land	1109 HK	63,970	31%	85,160	103,500	22%
COGO	81 HK	11,033	16%	17,844	19,130	7%
Country Garden	2007 HK	149,420	143%	140,160	230,000	64%
Evergrande	3333 HK	184,780	83%	201,320	300,000	49%
Gemdale	600383 CH	52,060	94%	61,660	74,000	20%
Greentown China	3900 HK	52,000	43%	71,900	75,000	4%
Longfor	960 HK	47,270	81%	54,540	70,000	28%
Poly Property	119 HK	19,600	9%	30,000	30,000	0%
Poly Real Estate	600048 CH	122,772	43%	154,102	180,000	17%
Shimao	813 HK	39,470	11%	67,039	67,000	0%
Sino Ocean	3377 HK	24,200	51%	40,480	44,000	9%
Sunac	1918 HK	65,080	100%	68,210	90,000	32%
Yuzhou	1628 HK	14,823	121%	14,018	21,500	53%
Total (22 companies)		1,358,380	55%	1,767,514	2,096,541	19%

Sources: CMS (HK), Company data

Financial analysis and forecasts

Income Statement: Steady earnings growth driven by sales volume growth

26% YoY profit growth in FY16E

In 1H16, Aoyuan had reported RMB6.5bn revenue and RMB619mn core net profit, +52% YoY. As of Jun-end/2016 year-end, Aoyuan had about RMB12bn unbooked presales received in advance. For FY16E, about RMB11bn (including 1H: RMB6.5bn) property sales revenue has been locked-in as of Aug-end 2016.

In FY16E, we expect its revenue to reach RMB12.3bn, +28% YoY supported by 44% YoY growth in GFA booking to 1.44mn sqm. The overall gross margin will be trimmed slightly by 1.1ppts YoY to 26.5% in FY16E (property sales revenue only: 26.8%) due to more bookings of projects in Tier-3/4 cities. Overall, it would boost the core earnings growth by 26% YoY to RMB1bn.

Key revenue and profit contributors include Guangzhou Luogang Aoyuan Plaza, Guangzhou Aoyuan City Plaza, Foshan Aoyuan Central Parkview and Guangzhou Aoyuan Kangwei Plaza. Based on our estimates, these four projects should account for 52% and 48% of the revenue and gross profits respectively.

Figure 22: FY16E Aoyuan's property sales revenue and gross profit breakdown by projects

Project	City	Stake	FY16E ASP (RMB psm)	FY16E Revenue (RMB mn)	% of Total	FY16E Gross profit (RMB mn)	GPM (%)	% of Total
Guangzhou Luogang Aoyuan Plaza	Guangzhou	59%	13,000	1,950	16%	409	21%	13%
Guangzhou Aoyuan City Plaza	Guangzhou	54%	17,704	1,682	14%	497	30%	16%
Foshan Aoyuan Central Parkview	Foshan	100%	9,300	1,395	12%	236	17%	7%
Guangzhou Aoyuan Kangwei Plaza	Guangzhou	51%	10,000	1,200	10%	380	32%	12%
Zhongshan Aoyuan	Zhongshan	100%	6,500	845	7%	290	34%	9%
Zhuzhou Aoyuan Plaza	Zhuzhou	60%	16,700	768	6%	517	67%	16%
Meizhou Aoyuan Peninsula View	Meizhou	100%	6,000	720	6%	269	37%	8%
Bengbu Aoyuan Hanlin Ginza	Bengbu	55%	5,800	522	4%	120	23%	4%
Shenyang Aoyuan The Metropolis	Shenyang	100%	5,000	500	4%	139	28%	4%
Chongqing Aoyuan The Metropolis	Chongqing	100%	6,000	480	4%	26	5%	1%
Subtotal				10,062	84%	2,883	28.7%	90%
Others				1,857	16%	307	16.5%	10%
Total				11,919	100%	3,190	26.8%	100%

Source: CMS (HK)

23%/19% earnings growth in FY17/18E

Backed by larger development and completion scale, including the first Australian project, we expect the sales revenue to grow 15%/23% YoY to RMB14.2bn/17.4bn in FY17/18E. We expect the GPM at 27.0%/24.2% in FY17/18E based on the assumptions that 1) more lower-margin projects in Tier-3/4 cities will be recognized in FY18E and 2) we only forecast a general 3% annual increase in the project selling prices in FY17/18E.

Overall, we estimate FY17/18E core earnings will reach RMB1.3/1.5bn, +23%/19% respectively, mainly driven by the total GFA sales volume increase.

Figure 23: FY17E Property sales revenue and gross profit breakdown by projects

Project	City	Stake	FY17E ASP (RMB psm)	FY17E Revenue (RMB mn)	% of Total	FY17E Gross profit (RMB mn)	GPM (%)	% of Total
Zhuhai Aoyuan Plaza	Zhuhai	93%	22,600	1,582	11%	776	49%	21%
Chongqing Aoyuan Panlong Yihao	Chongqing	100%	7,600	1,140	8%	71	6%	2%
Guangzhou Aoyuan International Ce	Guangzhou	65%	27,743	971	7%	303	31%	8%
Meizhou Aoyuan Peninsula View	Meizhou	100%	6,400	768	6%	321	42%	9%
Guangzhou Luogang Aoyuan Plaza	Guangzhou	59%	14,000	700	5%	184	26%	5%
Nanhai Aoyuan	Foshan	55%	8,500	680	5%	328	48%	9%
Chongqing Aoyuan City Plaza	Chongqing	100%	7,500	675	5%	66	10%	2%
Zhongshan Aoyuan Jinyu	Zhongshan	100%	8,000	560	4%	275	49%	7%
Bengbu Aoyuan Hanlin Ginza	Bengbu	55%	6,104	488	4%	134	27%	4%
Shaoguan Lingnan Impression	Shaoguan	100%	5,700	456	3%	99	22%	3%
Subtotal				8,020	58%	2,557	31.9%	68%
Others				5,744	42%	1,210	21.1%	32%
Total				13,765	100%	3,768	27.4%	100%

Source: CMS (HK)

Figure 24: Key financials

(RMB mn)	FY14	FY15	FY16E	FY17E	FY18E
Total GFA delivered (k sqm) (1)	914	1,018	1,463	1,795	1,951
Average selling price booked (RMB psm) (2)	7,443	9,132	8,149	7,668	8,713
Property sales (1) x (2)	6,803	9,296	11,919	13,765	17,000
Others	173	278	365	402	442
Total Revenue	6,976	9,574	12,284	14,166	17,442
Gross profit	2,067	2,646	3,250	3,827	4,222
Reported net profit	809	812	984	1,270	1,514
Core net profit	733	823	1,035	1,270	1,514
Total contracted sales	12,223	15,170	18,000	21,600	25,920
YoY changes (In %)					
GFA delivered	12.0%	11.4%	43.7%	22.7%	8.7%
Average selling price	8.5%	22.7%	-10.8%	-5.9%	13.6%
Revenue	21.7%	37.2%	28.3%	15.3%	23.1%
Gross profit	17.5%	28.0%	22.8%	17.7%	10.3%
Reported net profit	9.9%	0.4%	21.1%	29.1%	19.2%
Core net profit	15.5%	12.4%	25.8%	22.7%	19.2%
Total contracted sales	21.8%	24.1%	18.7%	20.0%	20.0%
Margin ratios (In %)					
Gross margin	29.6%	27.6%	26.5%	27.0%	24.2%
Reported net profit margin	11.6%	8.5%	8.0%	9.0%	8.7%
Core net profit margin	10.5%	8.6%	8.4%	9.0%	8.7%

Sources: Company data, CMS (HK)

Balance Sheet: Net gearing to maintain at below 70% in FY16-18E

We expect Aoyuan to maintain its total cash level at above RMB10bn at FY16E year-end and its net gearing will be controlled below 70%. It would also maintain a relatively low proportion of short-term loans as a % of total loans (about 20%) and thus achieve about 3x cash/short-term debt ratio. The buoyant bond market environment would also facilitate Aoyuan to re-finance old loans at cheaper rates in coming 1-2 quarters.

Figure 25: Balance sheet highlights

(RMB mn)	FY14	FY15	FY16E	FY17E	FY18E
Total cash	5,917	9,036	12,710	15,404	18,611
Total borrowings	11,497	16,297	22,574	26,574	30,574
Net debts	5,580	7,261	9,864	11,170	11,963
Net debts to total equity (%)	61.8%	62.7%	65.4%	68.6%	68.2%
Unrestricted cash	4,852	7,769	12,685	15,379	18,586
Short-term borrowings	4,464	2,570	4,111	4,111	4,111
Cash / short-term debts ratio (x)	1.1	3.0	3.1	3.7	4.5

Source: CMS (HK)

Big progress in funding power

Aoyuan has been actively optimizing its loan structure through a broad range of re-financing in both offshore and onshore borrowings. We estimate that the funding cost will be improved to about 8% at FY16E y.e. vs about 9.5% at FY15 y.e. In Nov/15, Feb/16 and May/16, Aoyuan had successfully redeemed total US\$325mn senior notes at expensive coupon rates (US\$:225mn at 13.875% and US\$100mn at 9.25%).

In January 2016, Fitch upgraded Aoyuan's credit outlook to Positive with B+ credit rating which also helped Aoyuan re-financing with cheaper loans. It raised US\$250mn and A\$197mn new offshore loans at 6.525% and about 5% coupon rate respectively during the year. Meanwhile, it also got new funding through domestic corporate bonds and a project loan from Ping An with total RMB1.08bn at about 7-8% only.

Cash Flow Statement: Smooth cashflow collection from contracted sales in FY16E

Under a loosening credit environment especially in major cities, we expect smooth cash collection from contracted sales. In FY16E, we estimate the cash inflows from contracted sales at RMB16.5 bn, +32% YoY. We also expect that Aoyuan would not have significant cash outlays for land capex (1H16: RMB2.5bn) in FY16E.

Figure 26: Cashflows highlights

(RMB mn)	FY14	FY15	FY16E	FY17E	FY18E
Cash proceeds from contracted sales	9,800	12,500	16,500	17,280	20,736
Capex - land purchases	(2,730)	(5,400)	(4,500)	(6,500)	(8,000)
Capex - construction & others	(5,900)	(6,843)	(7,500)	(7,875)	(9,450)
Interest, income tax/LAT, SG&A	(1,957)	(2,171)	(3,074)	(3,808)	(4,212)
Others	(1,286)	(834)	1,292	(58)	577
Cashflows before financing activities	(2,073)	(2,748)	2,718	(961)	(349)

Source: CMS (HK)

Note: we deduce the historical breakdowns based on the information provided from annual reports and presentation materials

Valuation attractive at 75% discount to end-FY17E NAV

We use targeted NAV discount to arrive at our TP

We estimate Aoyuan's end-FY17E NAV at HK\$19.1bn, or HK\$7.1 per share. Our NAV calculation for Aoyuan incorporates: i) its landbank and properties under development, ii) its investment properties completed and under development, and iii) its net debts. After the active expansion in Tier-1/2 cites in recent years, the GAV from large cities (including Sydney and Foshan) contributed about 70% of the GAV.

Our NAV estimate on its landbanks and properties under development equals to the sum of its discounted profits stream and book cost. We calculate its discounted profits in the next five years by applying a weighted average cost of capital (WACC) of 13.4%. In our financial model, FY16/17E booked selling prices are mostly based on the contracted selling prices (checked from Soufun and company's financial reports) of its projects. We also assume 3% annual price growth during FY17-20E.

Target price at 61% NAV discount. Three catalysts to narrow the discount

Our target price, HK\$2.8, is based on 61% discount to NAV, or 6ppts deeper than mid-sized developers' average of 55%. We judge that it should have some discount against peers due to its lower stock trading liquidity (3-month daily average trading: HK\$5mn).

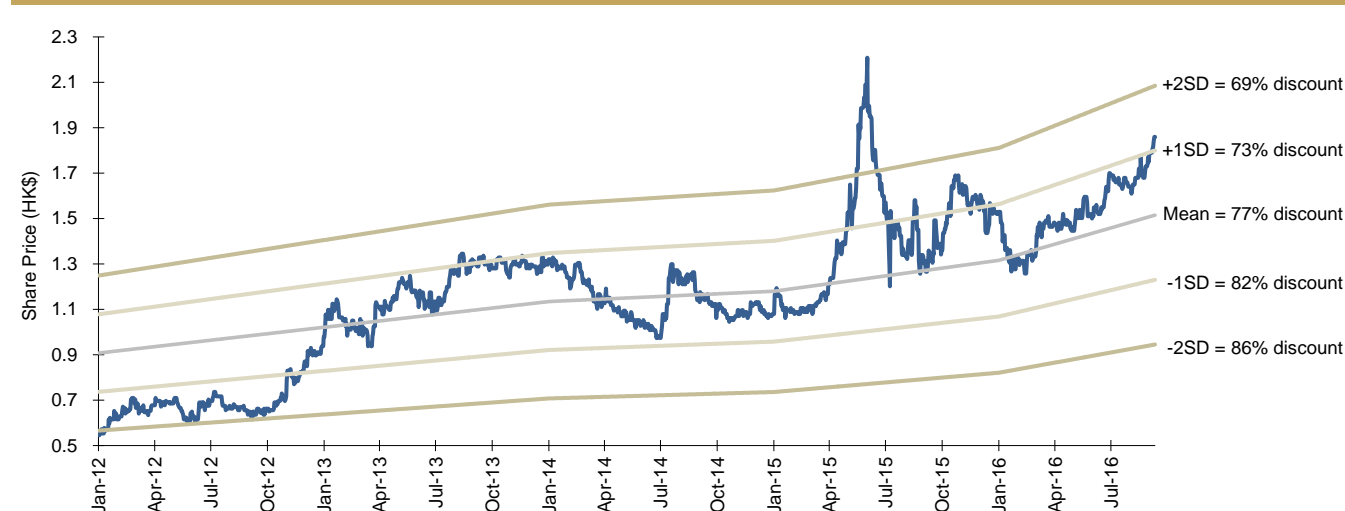
Looking ahead, we expect three catalysts to narrow the discount: 1) contracted sales and earnings surprises; 2) continuous share buybacks; and 3) more industry M&As to trigger re-rating on mid-small property developers including Aoyuan. Recent property takeovers are generally above 1x P/B vs Aoyuan's current valuation at 0.4x FY17E P/B.

Figure 27: Aoyuan's end-FY17E NAV

Details	Total HK\$ mn	HK\$/share
Landbank and properties under development	26,611	9.9
Investment properties	5,314	2.0
Net debts at FY17E year-end	(12,845)	(4.8)
Total	19,080	7.1

Source: CMS (HK)

Figure 28: Aoyuan's discount to 1-year forward NAV band (from Jan 2012 onwards)



Sources: CMS (HK), Bloomberg

Figure 29: Aoyuan's end-FY17E GAV breakdown by projects

Project	City	Stake	Total profits (RMB mn)	As % of total
Shenzhen Aoyuan Jade Bay	Shenzhen	70%	2,438	11%
Chongqing Aoyuan Panlong Yihao	Chongqing	100%	1,496	6%
Chengdu Chenghua Aoyuan Plaza	Chengdu	70%	1,378	6%
Zhuhai Aoyuan Plaza	Zhuhai	93%	1,370	6%
Foshan Aoyuan The Prime Palace	Foshan	100%	1,291	6%
Chongqing Aoyuan Beyond Era	Chongqing	100%	1,289	6%
Guangzhou Aoyuan International Center	Guangzhou	65%	1,260	5%
Shaoguan Lingnan Impression	Shaoguan	100%	1,099	5%
Foshan Aoyuan Central Parkview	Foshan	100%	997	4%
Lianhua Hill Aoyuan	Guangzhou	100%	965	4%
Guangzhou Luogang Aoyuan Plaza	Guangzhou	59%	675	3%
Chongqing Aoyuan City Plaza	Chongqing	100%	621	3%
One30 Hyde Park Sydney	Sydney	70%	564	2%
Shenyang Aoyuan The Metropolis	Shenyang	100%	475	2%
Bengbu Aoyuan Hanlin Ginza	Bengbu	55%	461	2%
Subtotal			16,379	71%
Others			6,750	29%
Total			23,129	100%
Total in HK\$ mn			26,611	100%

Source: CMS (HK)

Figure 30: Aoyuan's end-FY17E GAV breakdown by cities

City	(RMB mn)	% of total
Guangzhou	3,900	17%
Chongqing	3,735	16%
Foshan	2,469	11%
Shenzhen	2,438	11%
Zhuhai	1,370	6%
Chengdu	1,378	6%
Shaoguan	1,099	5%
Meizhou	865	4%
Yulin	704	3%
Sydney	720	3%
Shenyang	694	3%
Zhuzhou	874	4%
Bengbu	698	3%
Zhongshan	315	1%
Nanning	425	2%
Jiaxing	316	1%
Qingyuan	332	1%
Yangjiang	244	1%
Jiangmen	137	1%
Suzhou	150	1%
Ganzhou	115	0%
Changsha	115	0%
Yunfu	36	0%
Total	23,128	100%
Total in HK\$ mn	26,611	100%

Source: CMS (HK)

Sector valuation

Figure 31: HK-listed peers - valuation comparison (based on closing prices as of 9 Sep 2016)

Company	Ticker	Price (HK\$)	Mkt Cap (US\$ mn)	3-mth avg t/o (US\$ mn)	* NAV (HK\$)	Discount to NAV (%)	FY15 P/E (x)	FY16E P/E (x)	FY15 yield (%)	FY16E yield (%)	FY15 P/B (x)	FY16E P/B (x)	Net gearing FY15 (%)	Net gearing FY16E (%)
Large peers average						25.8	10.2	8.6	4.2	4.1	1.3	1.1	78.7	83.4
China Overseas	688 HK	27.45	34,894	62.0	32.2	14.8	9.6	9.1	3.4	2.5	1.4	1.2	6.6	22.9
CR Land	1109 HK	23.55	21,042	34.5	31.8	25.9	11.4	9.4	2.4	2.9	1.4	1.3	24.1	30.9
Country Garden	2007 HK	4.20	12,026	9.5	5.6	25.0	7.8	7.6	3.7	4.0	1.2	1.1	87.9	114.4
Evergrande	3333 HK	5.56	9,808	18.9	8.8	36.8	11.3	9.2	8.1	6.4	1.4	1.1	314.2	310.2
*Longfor	960 HK	12.42	9,349	13.3	14.6	14.9	9.0	7.8	3.4	3.7	1.1	1.0	55.0	51.8
Shimao Property	813 HK	11.78	5,213	8.0	26.6	55.7	5.5	5.6	5.9	5.9	0.7	0.7	58.1	58.6
*Wanda	3699 HK	52.60	30,700	15.7	70.0	24.9	16.1	10.6	2.4	2.7	1.1	1.1	64.5	65.7
*China Vanke	2202 HK	20.20	37,078	48.8	22.0	8.2	10.6	9.4	4.2	4.7	2.0	1.7	19.3	12.4
Mid peers average						54.6	9.6	9.1	4.5	4.1	0.7	0.6	74.5	67.1
*Sino Ocean	3377 HK	3.92	3,797	3.5	8.0	51.0	8.3	7.8	3.2	4.4	0.6	0.6	58.5	58.1
*China Jinmao	817 HK	2.62	3,605	2.0	4.5	41.8	9.1	8.1	3.1	3.9	0.8	0.7	60.6	83.9
*Shenzhen Inv.	604 HK	3.87	3,810	5.8	6.0	35.5	9.5	9.5	4.1	4.8	0.9	0.8	45.8	2.1
*SOHO China	410 HK	4.72	3,164	3.2	8.6	45.1	50.2	37.3	17.7	5.4	0.6	0.6	25.1	33.1
*Sunac	1918 HK	5.89	2,584	11.7	12.4	52.5	n.a.	8.4	3.9	2.4	0.9	0.8	75.9	66.5
Agile Property	3383 HK	4.66	2,353	3.6	10.6	56.0	6.2	6.3	8.5	4.3	0.5	0.4	83.7	85.7
*Shui On Land	272 HK	2.24	2,318	2.0	n.a.	n.a.	19.3	9.4	1.7	2.4	0.4	0.4	96.8	72.8
*BJ North Star	588 HK	2.72	1,944	0.4	n.a.	n.a.	10.4	8.1	2.6	2.6	0.5	0.5	127.7	N/A
CIFI Holdings	884 HK	2.69	2,332	2.2	5.4	50.2	6.5	5.7	5.2	5.9	1.2	1.1	59.2	58.4
Yuexiu Property	123 HK	1.27	2,030	5.7	4.5	71.8	11.5	11.9	3.8	3.2	0.4	0.4	73.1	61.4
Greentown China	3900 HK	7.09	1,977	2.4	18.0	60.6	10.1	5.7	0.0	3.4	0.5	0.5	88.5	95.7
Yuzhou PPT	1628 HK	2.70	1,328	2.4	6.6	59.1	5.7	5.0	6.7	7.6	0.9	0.8	79.4	80.2
*Poly Property	119 HK	2.47	1,166	3.4	6.0	58.8	N/A	N/A	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.3	114.9	98.7
COGO	81 HK	2.54	747	0.7	8.0	68.3	6.8	4.3	0.0	2.3	0.5	0.5	48.0	7.1
China Aoyuan	3883 HK	1.86	648	0.6	7.1	73.8	5.2	4.3	6.8	7.8	0.5	0.5	62.7	65.4
Average						45.4	10.0	7.9	4.4	4.1	0.8	0.8	75.7	72.3

Sources: CMS (HK), * data sourced from Bloomberg

Note: We have excluded outliers (SOHO China & Poly Property) when measuring average P/E

Appendix

Figure 32: China Aoyuan – Directors and senior management

Mr. Guo Zi Wen, 郭梓文先生 (*Chairman*)

Guo Zi Wen, aged 51, is the founder. He is an Executive Director, the Chairman of the Board. Mr. Guo is mainly responsible for the formulation of development strategies of the Company, as well as giving guidance to the Group's project planning, financing and investment.

Mr. Guo Zi Ning 郭梓宁先生, (*Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*)

Guo Zi Ning, aged 54, is an Executive Director, a Vice Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer. He holds a Doctorate degree in Business Administration. Mr. Guo Zi Ning participated in the preparation of the Group in 1996, now primarily responsible for legal affairs, commercial property investment, development and operation, and leads the overall administration management of the Group.

Ms. Zhong Ping 钟平女士, (*Chief Financial Officer*)

Zhong Ping, aged 47, is an Executive Director, Chief Financial Officer, Director of Finance Centre and Director of Personnel Assessment Centre. Ms. Zhong obtained a Master's degree of Accountancy from Jinan University and is a certified tax advisor and certified accountant. Ms. Zhong joined Aoyuan in August 2003 and is mainly responsible for the finance, internal audit, administration and human resources management.

Mr. Ma Jun 马军先生, (*Chief Operating Officer*) (*appointed on 28 August 2015*)

Mr. Ma Jun, aged 39, is an Executive Director and Chief Operating Officer of the Group. Mr. Ma is mainly responsible for the management of real estate business operations of the Group. Mr. Ma has more than 15 years of experience in the real estate industry. Before joining Aoyuan in Mar. 2015, Mr. Ma worked at COLI (Tianjin) (中海地产天津公司) as Deputy General Manager and Shenzhen Ao Chen Property as an Executive Vice President. Mr. Ma obtained a Bachelor degree in Environmental Engineering awarded by Tianjin University in the PRC.

Mr. Chan Ka Yeung Jacky 陈嘉扬先生, (*Vice president*)

Chan Ka Yeung Jacky, aged 36, is a vice president of the Group, the president of Australia Company and the head of corporate finance and investor relations. He graduated from the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign in the United States of America with Bachelor's degree in Economics. He has extensive experience in financial services and investor relations. He had previously been the CIO and investor relations director of Zhong An Real Estate (672 HK) and the deputy head and responsible officer of the capital markets department of Agile Property (3383 HK). He joined Aoyuan in October 2013 and is now mainly responsible for the operation and management of Hong Kong and Australia office, development of overseas projects, corporate finance, investor relations, as well as other capital markets related affairs.

Mr. Chen Yong 陈勇先生, (*Vice president*)

Chen Yong, aged 40, is a vice president of the Group and head of investment and financing department. He obtained a Bachelor degree from Zhongnan University of Economics and Law. He has extensive experience in fund management. He had served in large developers including Vanke, Gemdale and Logan Property. He joined Aoyuan in June 2014, and is now mainly responsible for the investment and financing business.

Source: Company data

Financial Summary

Balance Sheet

RMB mn	2014	2015	2016E	2017E	2018E
Current Assets	33,150	43,198	57,656	66,603	75,341
Cash	4,852	7,769	12,685	15,379	18,586
Restricted cash	1,065	1,267	25	25	25
Current receivables	1,849	1,753	2,098	2,098	2,098
PUD & inventories	24,947	31,792	41,209	47,462	54,240
Other current assets	437	617	1,639	1,639	392
Non-current assets	3,636	5,629	5,836	6,012	6,184
Fixed Assets	3,245	5,014	5,261	5,437	5,609
Investment in associates / JCEs	63	217	196	196	196
Other non-current assets	328	398	379	379	379
Total assets	36,786	48,827	63,492	72,616	81,524
Current liabilities	20,378	22,770	29,499	33,413	37,051
Bank and other loans	4,464	2,570	4,111	4,111	4,111
Presales receipts in advance	8,772	9,823	13,204	16,719	20,456
Trade and other payables	3,501	5,348	7,955	8,455	8,455
Other current liabilities	3,641	5,029	4,229	4,127	4,030
Non-current Liabilities	7,374	14,481	18,921	22,921	26,921
Bank and other loans	7,033	13,727	18,463	22,463	26,463
Others	341	754	458	458	458
Total Liabilities	27,752	37,251	48,420	56,334	63,972
Shareholders' Equity	7,719	8,243	9,053	9,978	11,047
Minority interests	1,315	3,333	6,020	6,304	6,504
Total equity & Liabilities	36,786	48,827	63,492	72,616	81,524

Note: Total cash includes both cash and restricted cash

Cashflow Statement

RMB mn	2014	2015	2016E	2017E	2018E
Operating cashflow	1,085	2,376	8,624	5,649	7,761
Profit before tax	1,449	1,884	2,163	2,551	2,665
Working capital chg	1,301	2,231	8,871	6,137	8,376
Tax paid	(473)	(480)	(1,006)	(1,098)	(1,048)
Interest paid	(1,105)	(1,202)	(1,577)	(2,083)	(2,412)
Other operating cashflow	(87)	(57)	173	142	180
Investing cashflow	(3,158)	(5,124)	(5,906)	(6,610)	(8,110)
Fixed assets additions	(324)	(871)	(213)	(200)	(200)
Deposits paid for land purchase	(2,730)	(5,400)	(6,500)	(6,500)	(8,000)
Subsidiary acquisitions / disposals	868	1,262	(435)	0	0
JCE / Associates	0	103	(79)	0	0
Other Investing cashflow	(972)	(218)	1,321	90	90
Financing cashflow	2,433	5,604	2,186	3,656	3,556
Dividend paid	(223)	(292)	(245)	(344)	(444)
Increase/Decrease in Loans	2,793	4,850	4,673	4,000	4,000
Other financing cashflow	(137)	1,046	(2,242)	0	0
Cashflows for the year	360	2,856	4,904	2,694	3,207
Cash at the beginning	4,471	4,852	7,769	12,685	15,379
Exchange difference	21	61	12	0	0
Cash at the end	4,852	7,769	12,685	15,379	18,586

Note: We reclassify land capex from operating cashflows into investing cashflows, which is different from the company's financial statements.

Sources: Company data, CMS (HK) estimates

Profit & Loss Statement

RMB mn	2014	2015	2016E	2017E	2018E
Gross Revenue	6,976	9,572	12,284	14,166	17,442
Cost of goods sold	(4,909)	(6,926)	(9,034)	(10,339)	(13,220)
Gross Profit	2,067	2,646	3,250	3,827	4,222
Selling expenses	(379)	(489)	(491)	(626)	(752)
Admin and others	(391)	(402)	(470)	(531)	(654)
Finance cost	(65)	(91)	(175)	(208)	(241)
Share of JCE / Asso	9	28	(11)	0	0
Others	208	192	60	90	90
Pre-tax profit	1,449	1,884	2,163	2,551	2,665
Income tax	(666)	(977)	(922)	(997)	(950)
Minority interest	26	(95)	(257)	(284)	(201)
Reported net profit	809	812	984	1,270	1,514
Core profit	733	823	1,035	1,270	1,514

Core EPS (RMB)	0.26	0.30	0.38	0.47	0.56
DPS (RMB)	0.087	0.106	0.126	0.165	0.196

Note: We deduct property revaluations and other exceptional items to arrive at core net profit

Ratios

%	2014	2015	2016E	2017E	2018E
Growth (%)					
Revenue	21.8%	37.2%	28.3%	15.3%	23.1%
Gross profit	17.5%	28.0%	22.8%	17.7%	10.3%
Core net profit	15.5%	12.4%	25.8%	22.7%	19.2%
PUD and inventory	21.7%	27.4%	29.6%	15.2%	14.3%
Contracted sales	21.8%	24.1%	18.7%	20.0%	20.0%
Profitability					
Gross margin %	29.6%	27.6%	26.5%	27.0%	24.2%
Core net profit margin	10.5%	8.6%	8.4%	9.0%	8.7%
Effective tax rate %	46.0%	51.9%	42.6%	39.1%	35.7%
ROE (%)	9.8%	10.3%	12.0%	13.3%	14.4%
ROA (%)	2.2%	1.9%	1.8%	1.9%	2.0%
Dividend payout %	30%	36%	35%	35%	35%
Liquidity					
Free cashflow (RMB mn)	(1,101)	(2,530)	1,397	(1,051)	(439)
Total debt - total equity	127.3%	140.8%	149.8%	163.2%	174.2%
Net debt - total equity	61.8%	62.7%	65.4%	68.6%	68.2%
Interest coverage	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2

Investment Ratings

Industry Rating	Definition
OVERWEIGHT	Expect sector to outperform the market over the next 12 months
NEUTRAL	Expect sector to perform in-line with the market over the next 12 months
UNDERWEIGHT	Expect sector to underperform the market over the next 12 months

Company Rating	Definition
BUY	Expect stock to generate 10%+ return over the next 12 months
NEUTRAL	Expect stock to generate +10% to -10% over the next 12 months
SELL	Expect stock to generate loss of 10%+ over the next 12 months

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